

Class 11th | Accountancy



ACCOUNTING EQUATION

LECTURE - 1

MEANING OF AN ACCOUNTING EQUATION

Accounting Equation is a mathematical expression based on Dual Aspects Concept of Accounting.

We can express it mathematically as follows:

$$\text{Assets} = \text{Liabilities} + \text{Capital}$$

Concept

Dual Aspect concept

It says every transaction has two aspects "Debit" and an equal "Credit."

Dr.
ASSETS

- Furniture
- Building / Land
- Machinery
- Cash
- Stock
- Bank
- Debtors
- Patents
- Fixtures
- Goodwill

Credit
LIABILITIES

- Bank loan
- Creditors
- Bank overdraft
- Bills payable

Credit
CAPITAL

- + Income
- Expenses

Credit
INCOME

- Sales
- Interest received
- Rent received
- Commission rec.
- Dividend received

Debit
EXPENDITURE

- Salary & wages
- Rent
- Elec. expenses
- Telephone → Carriage
- Discount → Carriage
- Purchases
- Repair
- Depreciation
- Tax paid

Concept

$$\text{Debit} = \text{Credit}$$

$$\text{Assets} = \text{Liability} + \text{Capital}$$

Dr. Cr. Cr. Cr.

+ Income Cr.
- Expense Dr.

Furniture Purchase

Furniture +
Cash -

Salary Paid

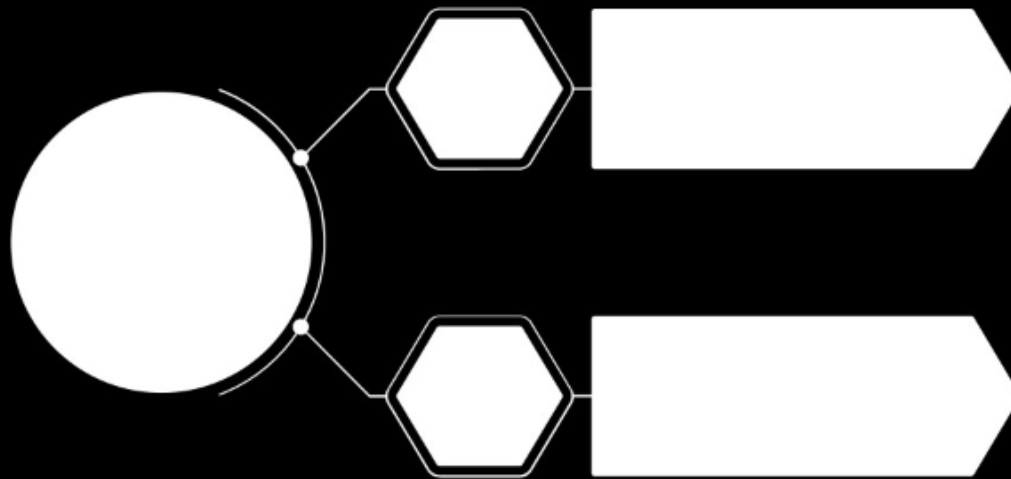
Salary +
Cash -

Capital Introduced

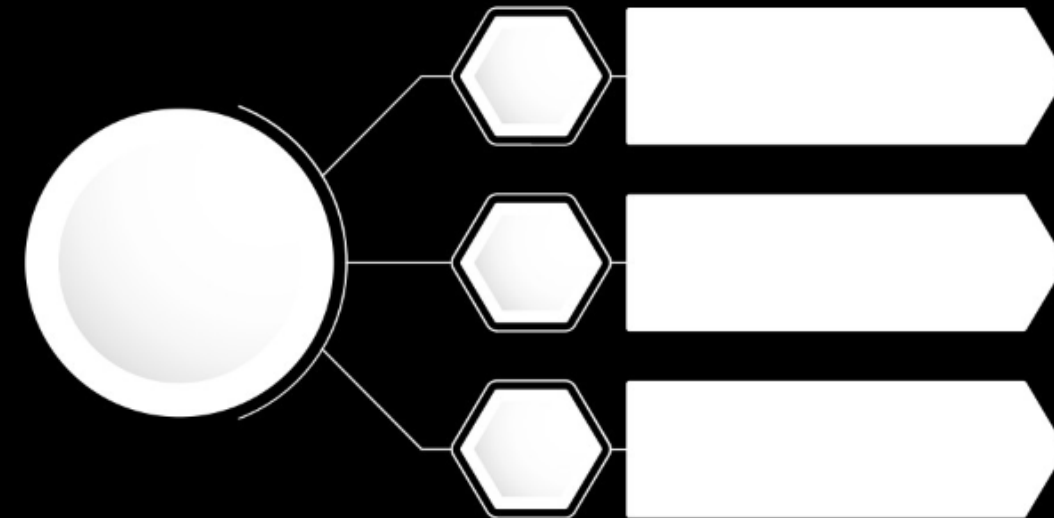
Capital +
Cash +

Effect of Transactions on Accounting Equation

**Transaction Affecting
Two Items.**



**Transaction Affecting
More Than Two Items**



FORMAT

S. NO.	TRANSACTION	ASSETS = LIABILITY + CAPITAL	

$$122300 + 5000 + 16000 = 36000 + 107300$$

$$143300 = 143300$$

Questions

Prepare Accounting Equation form the following-

1.	Sandeep started business with Cash	₹1,00,000
2.	Purchased furniture for cash	₹5,000
3.	Purchased goods for cash	₹20,000

stock Cash

4.	Purchased goods on credit	₹36,000
5.	Paid for rent	₹700
6.	Goods costing ₹40,000 sold at a profit of 20% for cash	

$$40000 \rightarrow 48000$$

$$40000 \times \frac{20}{100} = 8000$$

Sol.

S. NO.	TRANSACTION	ASSETS		=	LIABILITY	+	CAPITAL
		Cash + Furniture + Stock			Creditor		
1.	Business started with Cash	100000 +			+ 100000		
2.	Purchased Furniture	- 5000 + 5000					
	TOTAL	95000 + 5000			+ 100000		
3.	Purchased Goods	- 20000 + 20000					
	Total	75000 + 5000 + 20000			+ 100000		
4.	Purchased Goods on credit	+ 36000			+ 36000		
	Total	75000 + 5000 + 56000			+ 36000	+ 100000	
5.	Rent Paid	- 700				- 700	
	Total	74300 + 5000 + 56000			+ 36000	+ 99300	
6.	Sales	+ 48000 - 40000				+ 8000	
	Total	122300 + 5000				107300	

Sales Debit Credit

Cost
40

Sales
60

Profit
20 + Capital

Assets = Liab + Capital
Cash + Stock

+60 -40

=

+20

20

=

20

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Thank You



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